









Purpose

This Masters Thesis project explores the role of green spaces as critical infrastructure for facilitating outdoor recreational opportunities which allowed for the maintenance of individual well-being during the Covid-19 pandemic

This poster presentation will outline the linkages between the core concepts of the study, highlight the methods and key findings, and offer insights and policy recommendations.



The study was based in Brandon and the surrounding area in Southwestern Manitoba situated nearby the Brandon Hills Wildlife Management Area (below)



Outdoor Recreation and Well-being during the COVID-19 Pandemic

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Methods

The study included an in-depth literature review used to explore the impacts of Covid-19 and its related public health measures on people's mental health and well-being. Core concepts such as well-being, outdoor recreation, and "frilufstliv" were also explored as well as operationally defined for the purpose of the study.

The literature review was followed by the distribution and analysis of a survey of 80 participants in Brandon and the surrounding area of Southwestern Manitoba assessing their outdoor recreational activities before and during the Covid-19 pandemic.

Literature Review

Core Concepts:

Well-being:

A definition for well-being, for the purpose of this project, was drawn from a conception at the individual scale proposed by Dodge et al. (2012) as: "the balance point between an individual's resource pool and the challenges faced" (Dodge et al., 2012, pg. 230). This is illustrated using an analogy to a seesaw in which well-being is situated between personal resources (stocks) on one end, and challenges (flows) on the other.

Resources

- Psychological Physical

- Challenges Psychological
- Physical

Outdoor Recreation

Outdoor recreation can be defined simply as "activities that people undertake out of doors in places where they can access nature or green areas, mainly as part of their daily or weekend routines" (Bell et al., 2007, p. 7). There is considerable evidence for the link between outdoor recreation and its benefits in terms of maintaining physical and mental health as well as overall well-being, particularly during the Covid-19

Frilufsliv is a Norwegion philosophy that is closely related to outdoor recreation. This concept can be roughly translated and defined as "openair living" and it is deeply engrained in Scandinavian heritage and even national policies (Smith, 2020; Hansen et al., 2020, p.2).

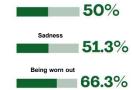
Survey

In Spring of 2021, an online survey was distributed to 80 participants in Southwestern Manitoba. Survey questions were based around:

- a. Perceptions of the impacts of Covid-19 on participants' subjective sense of well-being before and during the pandemic.
- h Participants' involvement in outdoor recreational activities. This considered type, frequency, duration, and estimated number of visits
- c. Views concerning the role of outdoor recreation relative to participants' self-reported sense of well-being.

Key Survey Results

Respondents reported increased feelings of Nervousness





of respondents reported their overall health and well-being as good or very good



37.5% engaged in outdoor





would describe their overall well being as bad or very bad had they in outdoor recreational activities

visited parks or

felt that more investments should be made to outdoor recreational spaces like parks trails and wildlife areas

Hearing from the Respondents

are some people's only form of outing during

At times outdoor recreation activities and places were the only way we interacted with family and friends. It was also our only source entertainment, and we hope to continue this. It was so important to our physical and manufal har "in the property of the property of the property hard the property has been property hard the property h

It has contributed greatly to my mental health to be outside, and doing something active before and during the pandemic to help get me through, especially while eventhing was locked down

These spaces are critical to mental, physical health as well as general well-being.

Insights and Recommendations

- 1. The results of this study highlight the role that outdoor recreational activities that align with the philosophy of friluftsliv played during the pandemic in helping individuals maintain high levels of perceived well-
- 2. Parks and green spaces served as critical infrastructure during the pandemic and can continue providing a valuable resource for individuals to draw on in the aftermath of the pandemic as well as for future societal shocks and challenges.



applied to outdoor recreation, green space exposure friluftsliv as well as the challenges that people experienced throughout the Covid-19 pandemic

- 3. Qualitative and quantitative data overwhelmingly shows that supported further investments toward parks and other outdoor recreational spaces.
- 4. It is recommended that investment be made toward access and maintenance of parks and green spaces

Key References

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Contact





