ANNUAL REPORT - 2011

Incorporating the Annual Financial Statements



Dear Member:

Enclosed is a detailed report on the operation of the Brandon University Retirement Plan this past year. Its purpose is to provide general information to the membership, particularly with regard to the financial operation and performance of the Plan. Full audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011 are included in this report.

The Plan, under the guidance of Connor, Clark & Lunn Investment Management Ltd., had a rate of return of -1.2% in 2011 (11.2% in 2010). The December 31, 2011 Brandon University Retirement Plan valuation completed by the Plan actuary, Eckler Ltd. determined that the Plan had a solvency deficiency of Plan assets over calculated Plan obligations (liabilities) of \$29,134,000. The solvency ratio is 0.703. In January 2009, Brandon University filed an election to be exempt from the requirement to make solvency deficiency special payments in accordance with the University Pension Plans Exemption Regulation. As a result of the election, the University is not required to make special payments into the Plan related to the solvency deficiency.

The Going-Concern funding method for December 31, 2011 shows an unfunded liability of \$38,623,000. The University is required to make special payments to fund this unfunded liability over a 15 year amortization period. The annual cost of this special payment for 2012 is \$3,783,000 (\$3,326,624 in 2011). A "Going-Concern Valuation" assumes Brandon University will continue to operate and the Retirement Plan will continue to operate and pension benefit obligations will come due through member retirement, termination of employment or death.

The deterioration of the financial position of the Plan is mainly due to investment returns less than expected based on a smoothed asset valuation method, a reduction in the valuation interest rate, and increased life expectancies of Plan members. The additional unfunded liability special payments made by the employer is required to offset these factors.

Since the solvency ratio of the plan is less than 0.90, the Pension Benefits Act of Manitoba requires that the next valuation be performed no later than December 31, 2012.

The Board of Trustees of the Retirement Plan welcomes any comments or questions from all members.

Sincerely,

Dr. W. Paton, B.Sc., M.Sc., Ph.D Chair, Board of Trustees Brandon University Retirement Plan Mr. Scott J. B. Lamont, FCGA, MBA Vice-President (Administration & Finance) Brandon University

Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2011

Members of the Board of Trustees (as of December 31, 2011):

Bill Paton

Alan Levy

BUFA

Vacant

Eric Raine

IuOE "A"

John Carter-Squire

Barbara Smith

BUFA

BUFA

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IUOE "A"

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Exempt Staff

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Patrick Carrabre Board of Governors

John Rice Pensioners

Consultant/Actuary Eckler Ltd.

Investment Manager Connor, Clark & Lunn Investment

Management Ltd.

Investment Sector Managers CC&L Canadian Q 120/20 Fund

(Canadian Equities)

SRA Canadian Equity Fund PCJ Canadian Equity Fund New Star EAFE Fund CC&L USA Equities Fund

CC&L Bond Fund

Custodian CIBC Mellon Global Securities Services Company

Plan Administrator Board of Trustees of the Brandon University

Retirement Plan

General Information

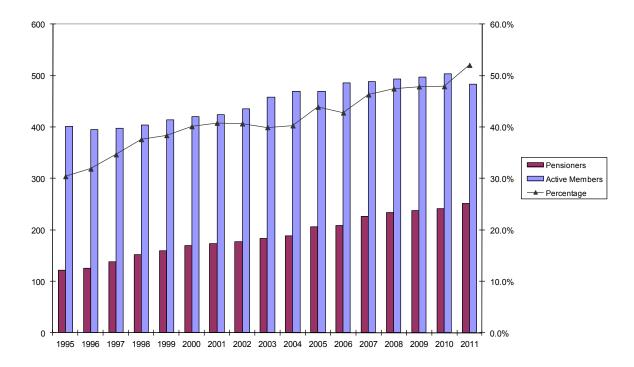
- a) The Brandon University Retirement Plan is a final average, defined benefit plan, which provides a benefit to all eligible employees of Brandon University upon retirement, termination or death. The Plan is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Brandon University Retirement Plan. A full description of the Plan is contained in the official Plan document and is available on the Brandon University website or from the Human Resources Office.
- b) The Plan is funded entirely by contributions from Plan members and the University, as well as the income from investments. Net assets in the plan, at market value, at December 31 were:

2011	\$109.5 million
2010	\$108.8 million
2009	\$98.7 million
2008	85.8 million
2007	103.9 million

c) Similar to many other maturing pension plans in Canada, the number of pensioners is increasing relative to the number of active contributing members of the Plan. Over the past ten years, the number of pensioners has increased from 41% of the active members to 52% in 2011. Brandon University Retirement Plan membership at December 31:

	2011	2010
Active members	484	503
Pensioners	252	241
Deferred, inactive	68	60
and Pending Election		

Pensioners as a Percentage of Active Members



An impact of increasing numbers of pensioners relative to active contributing members is the the increasing need for investment income of the Plan to fund future income requirements. By 2001, the cost of pensions paid out was 106% of what was being contributed annually by the Plan Members and the University. Although the annual ratio has varied over the past ten years, significant increases in regular contributions by both the Plan members and the University has kept the ratio of pensions paid to regular contributions collected at 105%. In addition, the University is making unfunded liability special payments to make up the shortfall calculated by the Plan actuaries.

Plan member transactions:

	2011	2010
Member and University regular contributions to the Plan	\$4,935,902	\$4,864,598
Unfunded liability special payments to the plan	3,326,624	0
Transfers from other plans	0	127,332
Pensions paid to retired members	4,658,813	4,494,014
Death benefits and refund settlements due to terminations	1,048,162	885,143

d) The Brandon University Retirement Plan is subject to a periodic valuation by an independent actuary to determine whether the Plan assets and contribution levels are adequate to provide future benefits. The Pension Benefits Act of Manitoba requires that such a study be done at least every three years as long as the solvency ratio of the Plan is greater than 0.90. The most recent valuation was performed by Eckler Ltd. as at December 31, 2011. Using the solvency valuation method, the Plan had a deficiency of assets over actuarial (calculated) liabilities of \$29,134,000. Using the going-concern or aggregate method, the Plan had an unfunded liability of \$38,623,000.

The University is required to make special payments to fund this unfunded liability over a 15 year amortization period. The annual cost of this special payment for 2012 is \$3,783,000 (\$3,326,624 in 2011). No additional special payments are required to be made for the solvency deficiency because the University is exempted under the University Pension Plans Exemption Regulation.

However, since the solvency ratio of the plan is less than 0.90, the Pension Benefits Act of Manitoba requires that the next valuation be performed no later than December 31, 2012.

e) Prior to a Plan amendment in 2011, if the net investment return on the fund, as determined by the Actuary using smoothed asset values, exceeded 6.0% per annum, each pensioner who was receiving a pension at the end of the year, was entitled to receive an increase in that pension effective from July 1 in the following calendar year.

Based on the amended provisions of the Plan, if the average net investment return on the Fund during the last four years exceeds 6.0% per annum, each pensioner who was receiving a pension at the end of that year, is entitled to receive an increase in that pension effective from July 1 in the following calendar year. The details of this entitlement are recorded in article 7.3 of the Brandon University Retirement Plan document, as amended June 30, 2011. The result of this calculation over the past 10 years is as follows.

		B	randon Unive	rsitv		
	Historica		Article 7.3 - S		v Pension)	
		,			,	
Brandon Ur	niversity Pens	ion Increases	s - Pre 2011 a	mendment		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
						Effective
	Gross Actuarial	Net Actuarial	Excess of	Increase in	Actual	Date of COLA
Year	Return	Return	Net over 6%	CPI	COLA given	Increase
2001	4.81%	4.30%	Nil	0.70%	Nil	1 July 2002
2002	-3.75%	-4.19%	Nil	3.90%	Nil	1 July 2002
2002	7.73%	7.25%	1.25%	2.00%	1.30%	·
				2.00%		1 July 2004
2004	2.42%	1.87%	Nil		Nil	1 July 2005
2005	6.70%	6.20%	0.20%	2.20%	0.20%	1 July 2006
2006	16.80%	16.30%	10.30%	1.60%	1.60%	1 July 2007
2007	9.20%	8.68%	2.68%	2.40%	2.40%	1 July 2008
2008	-11.42%	-11.85%	Nil	1.20%	Nil	1 July 2009
2009	16.71%	16.15%	10.15%	1.30%	1.30%	1 July 2010
2010	3.73%	3.23%	Nil	2.40%	Nil	1 July 2011
Brandon Ur	niversity Pens	ion Increases	s - Post 2011 a	mendment		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
	Net	Four-year	Excess of			Effective
	Investment	Geometric	Average			Date of
W	Return	Average	return over	Increase in	Actual	COLA
Year	(market	Return	6%	CPI	COLA given	Increase
2008	-16.91%					
2009	16.20%					
2010	10.62%					
2011	-1.63%	1.24%	Nil	2.30%	Nil	1 July 2012

Investment Management Objectives

COLA = lower of columns (3) or (4)

The current investment manager, Connor, Clark & Lunn, Investment Management Ltd. (CC&L), was appointed December 30, 1994. Since that time the plan investment management has been diversified by making use of several investment sector specialists within the family of companies working with CC&L, under the general management of CC&L.

The Investment Manager operates with the general objective to maximize long-term total returns while protecting the capital value of the fund. The Manager seeks to attain an average rate of return of 3% over the CPI increase for the same period. Secondary objectives are to generate returns in excess of the return of the Benchmark Fund over rolling four-year periods and to perform in the top third of investment managers as measured by a nationally recognized service. RBC Dexia Benchmark Investment Analytics (BIA) was used as the measurement service for this report.

The Brandon University Retirement Plan investment performance (-1.2%) did not meet the objective of CPI plus 3% (5.3%) for 2011 nor for the four year rolling average ending in 2011 (BU Plan was 2.5% vs. 4.8%). The Plan did not meet the rolling four year average benchmark return (BU Plan 2.5% vs. Benchmark 2.6%). Although the top third of managers is not reported by BIA, the BU Plan annual return (-1.2%) was lower than the median (.72%) and lower than the top 25% (1.9%) of balanced fund investment managers in 2011. The BU Plan four year rolling average return (2.5%) was higher than the median (2.4%) but lower than the top 25% (3.5%) of balanced fund investment managers.

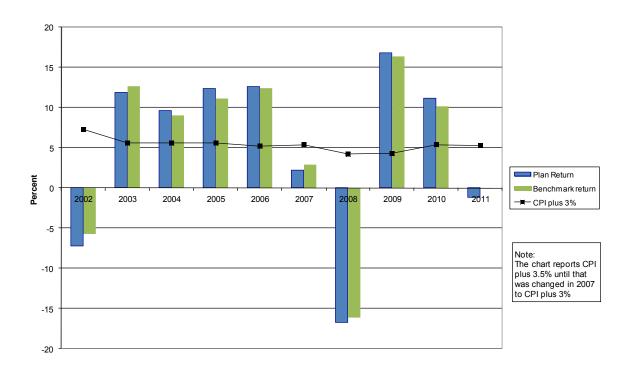
Investment Performance

Period Ending December 31	Total <u>Return</u>	Annual Rate of <u>Increase in CPI</u>		
2011	-1.2%	2.3%		
2010	11.2%	2.4%		
2009	16.8%	1.3%		
2008	-16.7%	1.2%		
2007	2.2%	2.4%		
Benchmark retur	n for 2011	-0.1%		
Four year rolling average ending 2011				
Retirement plan performance		2.53%		
Benchmark performance		2.60%		

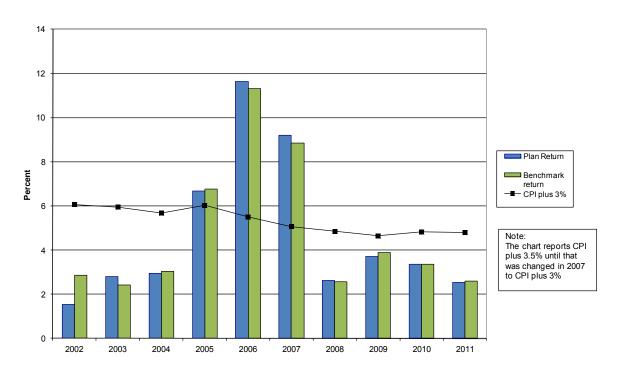
BIA Balanced Fund Performance Summary For the Period Ending December 31, 2011

Top quartile (12 months)	1.9%
Median (12 months)	.72%
BU Retirement Plan (12 months)	-1.2%
Top quartile (4 year rolling)	3.5%
Median (4 year rolling)	2.4%
BU (4 year rolling)	2.5%

Annual Investment Performance



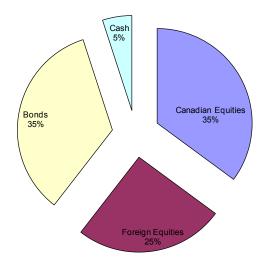
Rolling Four Year Average Investment Returns



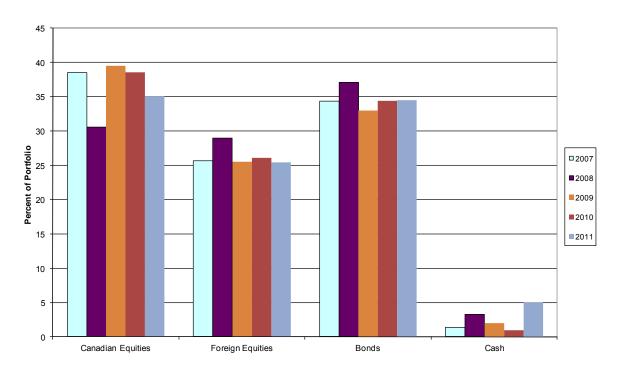
The investment mix of the Brandon University Retirement Plan is established by the investment manager based on market expectations within guidelines authorized by the Trustees of the Plan. On December 31, 2011 the asset mix and the annual performance in each sector follows:

	% of <u>Portfolio</u>	12 month return	Benchmark <u>return</u>
Canadian Equities	35.1%	-10.3%	-8.7%
Foreign Equities	25.4%	-2.7%	-2.2%
Bonds	34.5%	8.6%	9.7%
Cash	5.0%	1.1%	1.0%
TOTAL FUND	100.0%	-1.2%	-0.1%

Fund Asset Mix - December 31, 2011



Asset Mix Trend



Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The Board of Trustees of the Brandon University Retirement Plan is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements and the accompanying notes. The Board of Trustees relies upon the accounting and financial systems established by Brandon University. The financial statements are prepared in conformity with the accounting policies noted in the financial statements, and are reviewed and approved by the Board of Trustees of the Brandon University Retirement Plan. An independent financial auditor whose opinion is included herein examines the statements.

To fulfil its responsibility, Brandon University maintains internal control systems to provide reasonable assurance that relevant and reliable financial information is produced.

Dr. W. Paton, B.Sc., M.Sc., Ph.D. Chair, Board of Trustees Brandon University Retirement Plan Scott J. B. Lamont, FCGA, MBA Vice-President (Administration & Finance) Brandon University

June 4, 2012



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of the Brandon University Retirement Plan To the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Brandon University Retirement Plan, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2011, the statements of changes in net assets available for benefits and changes in pension obligations for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Brandon University Retirement Plan as at December 31, 2011 and the changes in net assets available for benefits and changes in pension obligations for the Plan for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans.

Office of the Auditor General

June 4, 2012

Winnipeg, Manitoba

Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2011

	2011	2010
ASSETS		
Accounts receivable	\$ <u>374,514</u>	\$ 4,142
Investments (note 2 b)		
Cash and short-term investments	5,457,943	1,029,540
Bonds and debentures	37,673,457	37,489,664
Canadian equities	38,352,373	41,996,723
Foreign equities	27,704,854	28,344,451
	109,188,627	108,860,378
Total Assets	109,563,141	108,864,520
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	23,226	64,519
Total Liabilities	23,226	64,519
Net asssets available for benefits	<u> 109,539,915</u>	108,800,001
Pension obligations	149,249,000	139,177,000
Plan deficit (going concern basis)	\$ <u>(39,709,085)</u>	\$ <u>(30,376,999)</u>)

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits for the year ended December 31, 2011

	2011	2010
CONTRIBUTIONS		
Members	\$ 1,934,589	\$ 1,921,060
University	3,001,313	2,943,538
University special payments (Note 9)	3,326,624	2,743,330
Transfers from other plans	3,320,021	127,332
Transcero from outer plants		127,002
	<u>8,262,526</u>	4,991,930
OTHER INCOME		
Investment income		
Interest	1,462,349	1,314,806
Dividends	1,573,299	1,410,449
	3,035,648	2,725,255
Change in fair value	2 2 6 2 2 2	1 000 070
Realized	2,968,223	1,982,272
Unrealized	<u>(7,211,967</u>)	6,263,953
	(4,243,744)	8,246,225
	(4,243,744)	0,240,223
Total Increase in Net Assets	7,054,430	15,963,410
DAVIATING		
PAYMENTS Description of the second of the s		
Benefit payments Retirements	4 (05 012	4 404 014
Refunds	4,685,813 618,345	4,494,014 799,669
Deaths	429,817	85,47 <u>4</u>
Deaths	429,817	
	5,733,975	5,379,157
Administrative expenses		
Actuarial and consulting fees	109,980	64,598
Custodian and plan administration fees	115,767	107,568
Legal and audit fees	7,000	6,440
Investment management fees	357,169	330,069
Trustee expenses	1,604	847
GST rebate	(10,979)	(3,608)
	580,541	505,914
Total Decrease in Net Assets	6,314,516	5,885,071
Net Increase in Assets Available for Benefits	739,914	10,078,339
Net Assets Available For Benefits, beginning of year	108,800,001	98,721,662
Net Assets Available For Benefits, end of year	\$ <u>109,539,915</u>	\$ <u>108,800,001</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Pension Obligations for the year ended December 31, 2011

	2011		2010
Interest accrued on benefits	\$ 7,360,000	\$	6,470,000
Benefits accrued	5,098,000		4,825,000
Benefits paid	(5,734,000)		(5,379,000)
Experience gains	(1,790,000)		(166,000)
Changes in actuarial assumptions	5,138,000	_	20,630,000
Net Change in Pension Obligations	10,072,000		26,380,000
Pension Obligations, beginning of the year	<u>139,177,000</u>	_	112,797,000
Pension Obligations, end of year	\$ <u>149,249,000</u>	\$	139,177,000

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2011

1. Description of the Plan

The following description of the Brandon University Retirement Plan is only a summary. More complete information is contained in the official Plan document.

a) General

The Brandon University Retirement Plan is a final average contributory defined benefit pension plan established April 1, 1974 for the benefit of the employees of Brandon University. The assets of the Plan are held in trust in the name of ten Trustees - eight elected by and from the Plan membership and two appointed by the Board of Governors. The Trustees oversee the administration of the Plan and set forth the investment guidelines. Their obligations and responsibilities are defined in a trust agreement with Brandon University. An asset manager invests the Plan assets based on the approved investment guidelines and according to the terms of the Managed Account Agreement. The Plan is registered with the Pension Commission of Manitoba and meets the requirements of the Pension Benefits Act of Manitoba and the Income Tax Act (Canada).

b) <u>Membership</u>

Unless otherwise stated, all Brandon University employees are eligible to become members of the Plan on their date of employment. Full-time and certain part-time employees are required to join the Plan. Membership is optional for other part-time and certain specified employees.

c) Funding

The Plan receives its funds from:

- i) the contributions of members
- ii) the required and special contributions of Brandon University
- iii) the income from investments

An actuarial valuation is performed at least once every three years to determine the adequacy of the funding for pension benefits (see note 2g).

d) Plan Benefits

The Plan provides for the payment of benefits to a member upon retirement, death, or termination of employment with Brandon University.

Retirement benefits are determined by a formula which takes into consideration the member's pensionable earnings, term of employment with Brandon University and a percentage of the Canada Pension Plan earnings. Benefits are payable for the lifetime of the member. Full benefits are payable (a) upon normal retirement; (b) upon early retirement for members who qualify. Reduced benefits are provided to members who retire early and do not qualify for full benefits.

Death and termination benefits are based on the value of the member's pension as determined by the Plan Administrator at the time of death or termination of employment. The options available to beneficiaries and terminating members are outlined in the official Plan document.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2011

2. Significant Accounting Policies

a) General

The Brandon University Retirement Plan prepares its financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans. The Plan has adopted Part II (Private Enterprises) accounting standards for all accounting policies that do not relate to the investment portfolio or pension obligations.

b) <u>Financial Instruments</u>

The financial instruments of the Plan consist of accounts receivable, investments, and accounts payable. The Plan recognizes and derecognizes all financial assets and liabilities in accordance with Financial Instruments, Section 3856, of Part II of the CICA Handbook

Initially, all financial assets and liabilities are recorded at fair value on the Statement of Financial Position. All investment assets and liabilities are measured at fair value based on International Financial Reporting Standards (IAS 39). Subsequent measurement is determined by the classification of each financial asset and liability. Investment assets and liabilities are measured at fair value with the change in fair value recognized in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits. Financial instruments classified as accounts receivable and accounts payable are measured at amortized cost.

Investments are recorded at market value on a trade date basis.

Fair values of investments are determined as follows:

Fixed Income

Short term investments are recorded at cost which approximates market value.

Bonds and debentures are valued at market by an independent securities valuation company.

Equity

Publicly traded securities are recorded at year end market prices.

c) <u>Investment Income</u>

Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date and interest income is recognized on the accrual basis as earned.

d) Foreign Currency Translation

The fair value of investments denominated in foreign currencies is translated into Canadian dollars at the exchange rate in effect at year end and the resulting change is included in the change in fair value of investments. Revenue and expense transactions are translated at the exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions and are included in investment income at the translated amounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2011

e) Contributions

Contributions from the members and the University are recorded on an accrual basis. Cash received from members as transfers from other pension plans is recorded when received.

f) <u>Use of Estimates</u>

Preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that primarily affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of changes in net assets available during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

g) Pension Obligations

The pension obligations of the Brandon University Retirement Plan are the actuarial present value of accrued pension benefits determined by applying the best estimate assumptions and the projected benefit method prorated on services.

3. Financial Risk Management

Management of investments is governed by the managed account agreement between the Brandon University Retirement Plan and Connor, Clark & Lunn Management Ltd. The investment management objective of the Plan is to maximize the long-term total return while protecting the capital value of the fund from major market fluctuations through prudent management of asset allocation and prudent selection of investments. The investment manager is to attain an average rate of return of 3% over the CPI increase for the same period.

The Plan's investments are publicly traded.

There have been no substantive changes in the Plan's exposure to financial instrument risks, its objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks or the methods used to measure them from the previous period unless otherwise stated in this note.

a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk the value of an investment will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices whether those changes are caused by factors specific to an individual investment or volatility in interest rates, foreign currencies or other factors affecting similar securities traded in the market.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2011

The Plan's cash and investments, including investments denominated in foreign currencies, are reported in Canadian dollars as follows:

	(in thousands of dollars)			
	<u>20</u>	<u>11</u>	201	<u>0</u>
Canadian cash and short term				
investments	\$ 5,458	5.0 %	\$ 1,029	0.9 %
Canadian bonds	37,673	34.5 %	37,490	34.4 %
Canadian equities	38,352	<u>35.1</u> %	41,997	<u>38.6</u> %
	81,483	74.6 %	80,516	73.9 %
US equities	15,639	14.3 %	14,672	13.5 %
Non-North American equities	12,066	<u>11.1</u> %	13,672	<u>12.6</u> %
	\$ <u>109,188</u>	100.0 %	\$ <u>108,860</u>	100.0 %

i) Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The value of the Plan's fixed income investments is directly affected by changes in nominal and real interest rates. There are guidelines in the managed account agreement for the fixed income investment portfolio related to permitted investments, diversification, and quality, and duration management which are designed to mitigate the risks of interest rate volatility

Duration is the most common measure used to quantify the impact of changes in bond prices due to change in interest rates. Using this measure it is estimated that a one percent increase or decrease in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would result in a change in fair value on Canadian bonds of 6.5% or \$2,448,775 (2010 - 6.41% or \$2,403,087).

ii) Currency risk is the risk that the value of non-Canadian investments measured in Canadian dollars will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates primarily related to foreign equity holdings. In some instances, forward foreign exchange contracts are used to manage currency exposure in connection with securities purchased in foreign currency. Forward foreign exchange contracts are contractual agreements that establish an agreed upon exchange rate at a settlement date in the future for the purpose of protecting future cash flows from adverse price movements.

A 10 percent increase or decrease in exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, would result in a change in unrealized gains/(losses) of \$ 2,770,485 (2010 - \$ 2,834,445). Generally when there is a 10% strengthening (weakening) of the Canadian dollar versus the corresponding currency, there would be a 10% decrease (increase) in the value of the corresponding country's portion of the portfolio from this currency movement.

iii) Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows from portfolio holdings fluctuate because of changes generally, in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk or as a result of a deterioration in the outlook for a specific issuer. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, by policy, the portfolio is well diversified. The managed account agreement sets out the limits of investments in any one security

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2011

as well as concentration within market sectors.

The Plan's target asset allocation based on fair value is:

Fixed income	35 %
Canadian equity	35 %
Foreign equity	25 %
Cash	5 %

Total exposure to equities is to be no less than 35% of the Pension Fund and no more than 70% of the Pension Fund.

b) <u>Liquidity Risk</u>

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Plan will encounter difficulty in having available sufficient funds to meet its commitments as they come due. It is the Pension Plan's policy to ensure that it will have sufficient cash and short term investments to allow it to meet its liabilities when they come due.

The term to maturity and the related market values of bonds and debentures are as follows:

	(in thousands of dollars)			
		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>
Term to Maturity				
Less than one year	\$	2,198	\$	7,783
One to five years		14,519		4,105
Over five years		20,956		25,602
Ž				
Total bonds and debentures	\$	37,673	\$	37,490

c) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that a loss may occur from the failure of another party to perform according to the terms of a contract. Credit risk is the risk the issuer of the debt security or a counter party to a derivative contract is unable to meet its financial obligation. Credit risk encompasses the risk of a deterioration of credit worthiness and concentration risk. The Plan limits credit risk through a managed account agreement with its investment manager that details the specific quality and concentration constraints.

At December 31, 2011, the Plan's maximum credit risk exposure related to cash and short-term investments and bonds and debentures is \$ 43,131,400 (2010 - \$ 38,519,204), and accounts receivable is \$ 374,514 (2010 - \$4,142). The Plan limits credit risk by acquiring high quality securities and following the managed account agreement. The managed account agreement establishes limits for ownership of investments and acceptable credit ratings. In the case of bonds and debentures, all must be rated BBB or higher.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2011

The breakdown of the fixed income investment portfolio by credit rating from various rating agencies are as follows:

	(in thousands o				of dollars)			
		<u>20</u>	<u>11</u>		<u>201</u>	<u> 10</u>		
Bonds and debentures investments								
Credit Rating								
AAA	\$	14,735	39.1 %	\$	13,425	35.8 %		
AA		12,355	32.8 %		11,077	29.5 %		
A		8,046	21.4 %		10,756	28.7 %		
BBB	_	2,537	6.7 %	_	2,232	6.0 %		
		37,673	100.0 %		37,490	100.0 %		
Cash and short-term investments		5,458		_	1,029			
	\$	43,131		\$_	38,519			

4. Capital Management

The capital of the Brandon University Retirement Plan is comprised of the net assets available for benefits. The combined assets of the Plan are held in the name of the Trustees of the Plan as described in Note 1 a).

The Trustees, as the administrators of the Plan, on behalf of Brandon University, have developed appropriate risk management strategies, as described in Note 3, to preserve the net assets available for benefits. In accordance with the provisions of The Pension Benefits Act of the Province of Manitoba and the provisions of the Income Tax Act (Canada) a Statement of Investment Policies and Procedures (SIPP) has been established. The SIPP states the investment objectives and investment guidelines by class of investment. The objective when managing capital is to maximize the long-term total return through prudent selection of investments in compliance with the investment rules under the respective federal and provincial Pension Benefits Acts.

There have been no significant changes to the University's capital management objectives, policies and processes in the year nor have there been any changes in what the Trustees consider to be the Plan's capital. The pension plan has complied with externally imposed capital requirements during the year.

5. Valuation of Financial Instruments at Fair Value

The Plan measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significant inputs used in making the measurements:

Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market for an identical investment.

Level 2: Valuation technique based on observable inputs, either directly (prices) or indirectly (derived from prices). This category includes investments valued using quoted market prices in active markets for similar investment; quoted prices for identical or similar investments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.

Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes all investments where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable market data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the investment's valuation.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2011

			(in thousands	s of dollars)			
		<u>2011</u>	Ì		,	<u>2010</u>		
		Level 2		Total		Level 2		Total
Cash	\$	22	\$	22	\$	231	\$	231
Short-term investments		5,436		5,436		798		798
Bonds and debentures		37,673		37,673		37,490		37,490
Canadian equities		38,352		38,352		41,997		41,997
Foreign equities	_	27,705		27,705	_	28,344	_	28,344
	\$	109,188	\$	109,188	\$	108,860	\$	108,860

6. <u>Investments</u>

Section 3.29 of the Pension Benefits Act Regulations requires disclosure of each investment that has a fair value greater than 1% of the fair value of all investments. The investments, including pooled funds, are as follows:

		<u>2011</u>
Bonds and debentures Connor, Clark & Lunn Bond Pool Fund Class A	\$	37,673,457
Canadian equities Connor, Clark & Lunn Q 120/20 Fund Class I PCJ Canadian Equity Fund SRA Canadian Equity Fund	\$ \$ \$	12,766,632 12,794,237 12,791,504
US equities Connor, Clark & Lunn US Equity Class A	\$	15,639,080
Non-North American equities Connor, Clark & Lunn New Star EAFE Class A	\$	12,065,774

7. Actuarial Valuation

The actuarial present value of accrued pension benefits was determined using the accrued benefit method prorated on service and using assumptions recommended by the actuary and approved by the Trustees. An actuarial valuation was prepared as at December 31, 2011 and completed in May, 2012 by Eckler Ltd., a firm of consulting actuaries, to determine the present value of accrued pension benefits as at December 31, 2011. The valuation as at December 31, 2011 has not yet been filed with the Pension Commission of Manitoba.

The assumptions used in determining the actuarial value of accrued pension benefits were developed by reference to expected long-term market conditions. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation at December 31, 2011 were:

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2011

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Discount rate	5.00 %	5.30 %
Rate of salary increase	3.00 %	3.40 %
Mortality rate	UP1994 Table projected with	UP1994 Table projected with
	Scale AA for ongoing future	Scale AA for ongoing future
	improvements in mortality, adjusted	improvements in mortality,
	by a factor of 75% at each age	adjusted by a factor of 75%
		at each age.

The next required valuation of the plan will be as at December 31, 2012 and will be completed in 2013.

8. Election for Exemption from Special Payments

The Brandon University Retirement Plan is subject to the Manitoba Pension Benefits Act and Regulations. The University Pension Plans Exemption Regulation 141/2007 allowed the University to make an election to be exempt from solvency and transfer deficiency payments. "2(1) An employer in relation to a university plan may, by filing a written election with the plan administrator, elect to be exempt from the solvency and transfer deficiency provisions."

On January 19, 2009 the University filed such an election.

With the exemption, the Plan will continue to be subject to the going-concern funding provisions of the Act.

9. Going-Concern Deficit Funding

The actuarial valuation indicates an actuarial deficit of \$38,623,000, for funding purposes, as at December 31, 2011 using the accrued benefit method. The valuation is based on actuarial assumptions with regard to demographics, rate of return on investments and salary increases to compare the Plan's actuarial assets with its actuarial liabilities.

The University will be required to fund the matching contributions, as well as the actuarial cost of the defined benefits in excess of the matching costs. The funding deficit will be funded over a maximum of 15 years. Special payments totaling \$3,783,000 will be made in 2012 (2011 - \$3,326,624). The next going-concern valuation will be performed as at December 31, 2012 and completed in 2013.

10. Contributed Services

Brandon University provides staff and miscellaneous administrative services at no charge to the Plan. The cost of these services is not reflected in the Financial Statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2011

11. Subsequent Events

The Plan was amended on February 25, 2012 to increase the member and University contributions for MGEU, IUOE(A), IUOE(D), and all Exempt staff to those negotiated with the Brandon University Faculty Association. Specifically, effective April 1, 2012 a .5% increase of pensionable earnings was approved for each eligible member.

12. <u>Comparative Figures</u>

Comparative figures for the year ended December 31, 2010 have been reclassified where necessary to conform with the presentation adopted for the year ended December 31, 2011.